

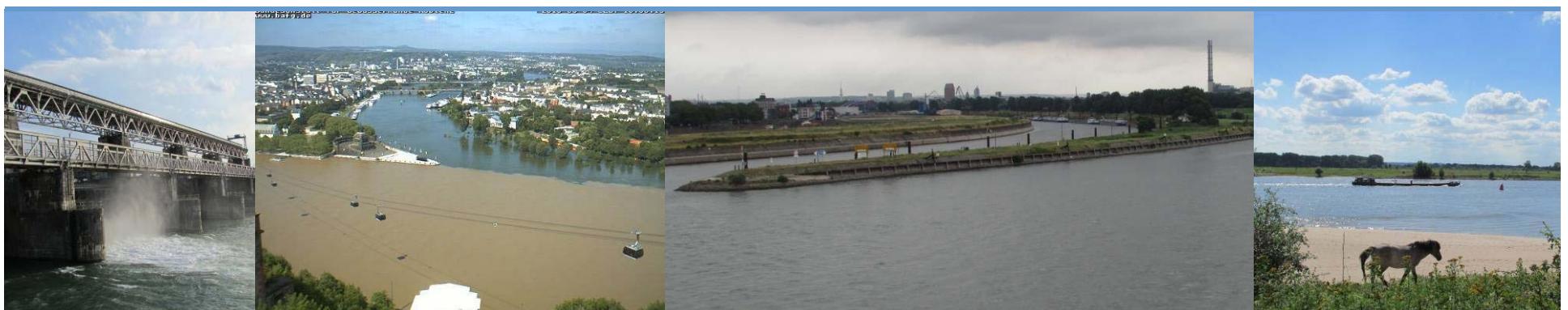


The Rhine Basin

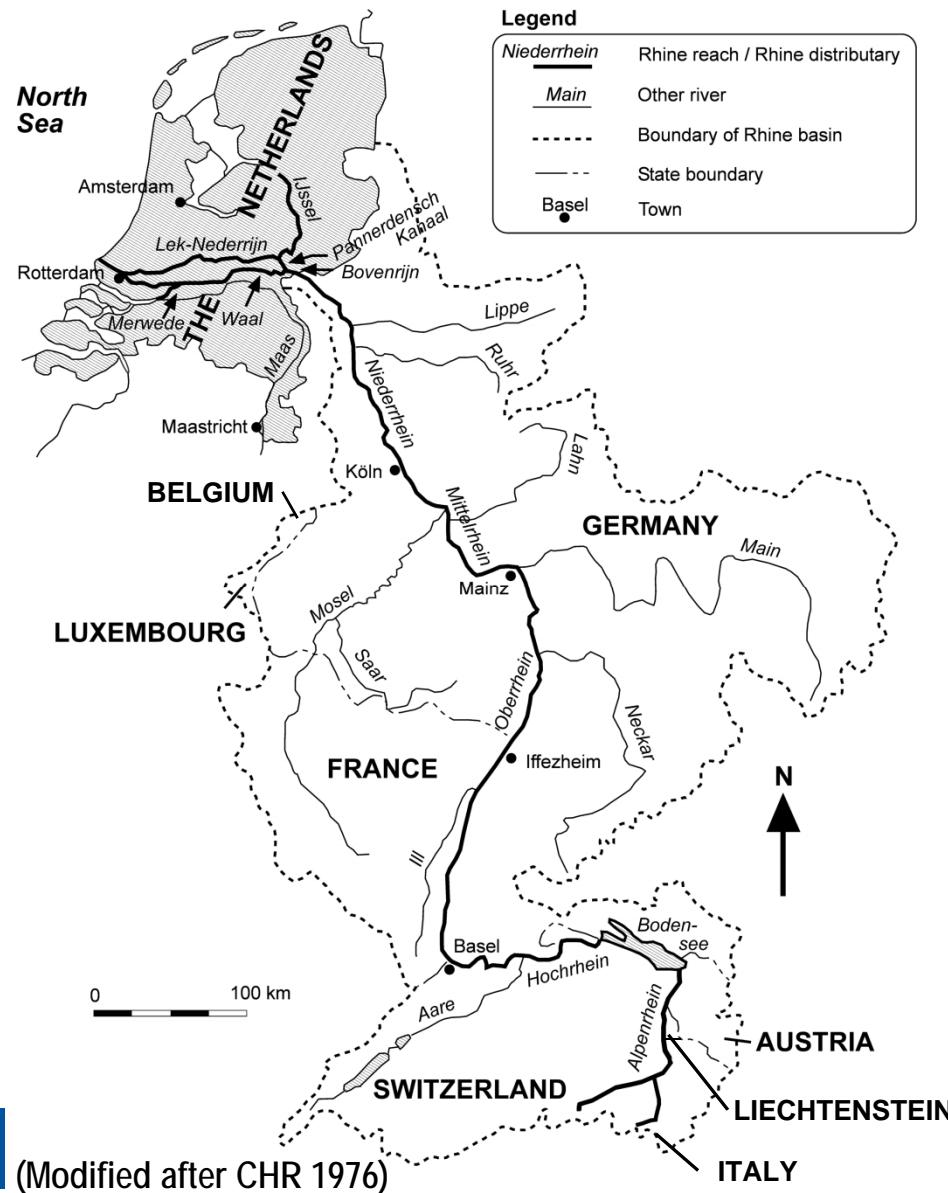
Hydrography, hydrology, geology, sedimentology
human-impact history, channel geometry

Dr. Roy Frings

RWTH Aachen University



Hydrography



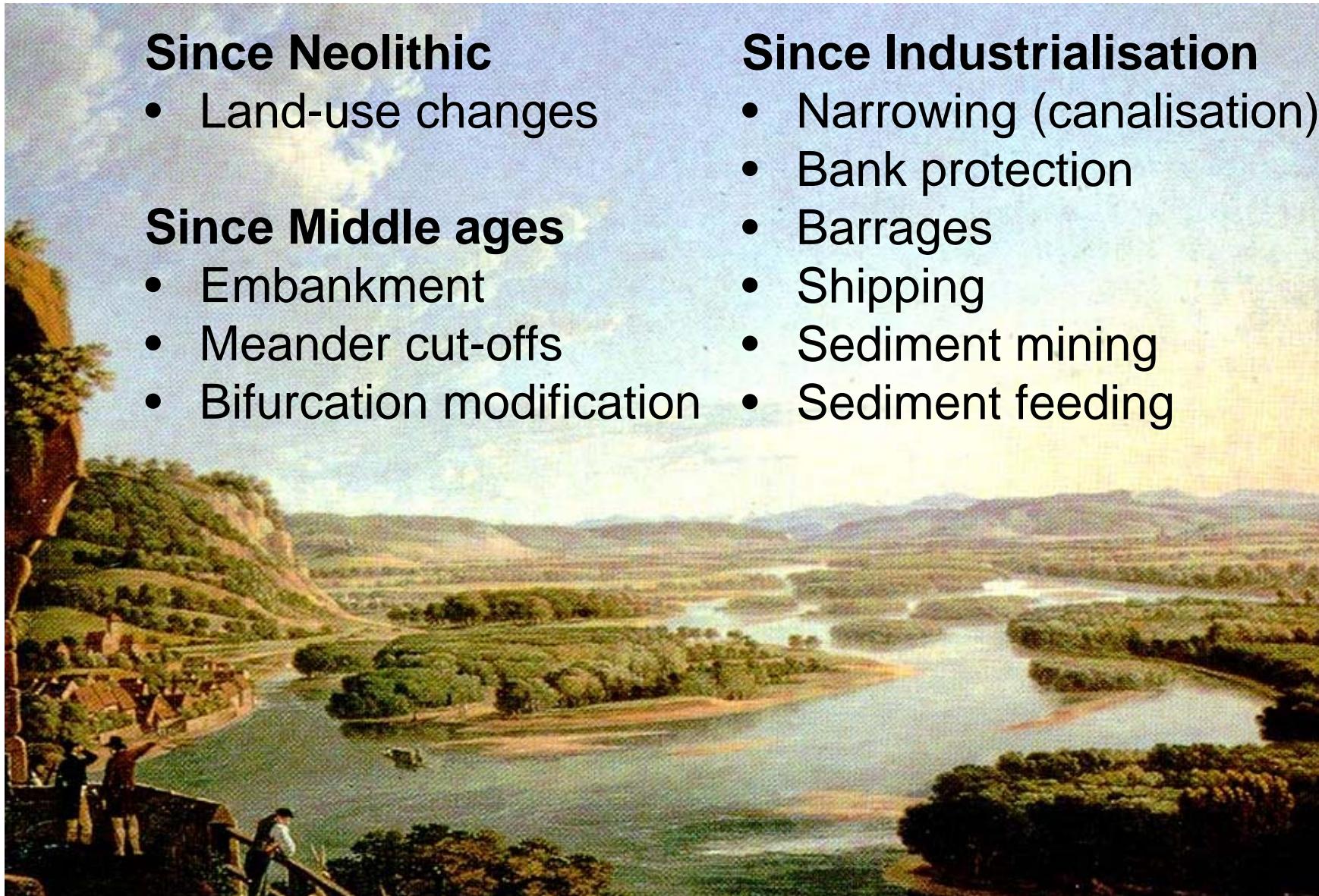
2

The Rhine Basin

- Basin: 185,000 km²
- Length: 1232 km
- Inhabitants: 58 Million
- Countries: 9
- Discharge: 2300 m³/s

Societal functions

- Culture
- Ecology
- Food supply
- Recreation
- Shipping
- Waste disposal
- Water supply



Since Neolithic

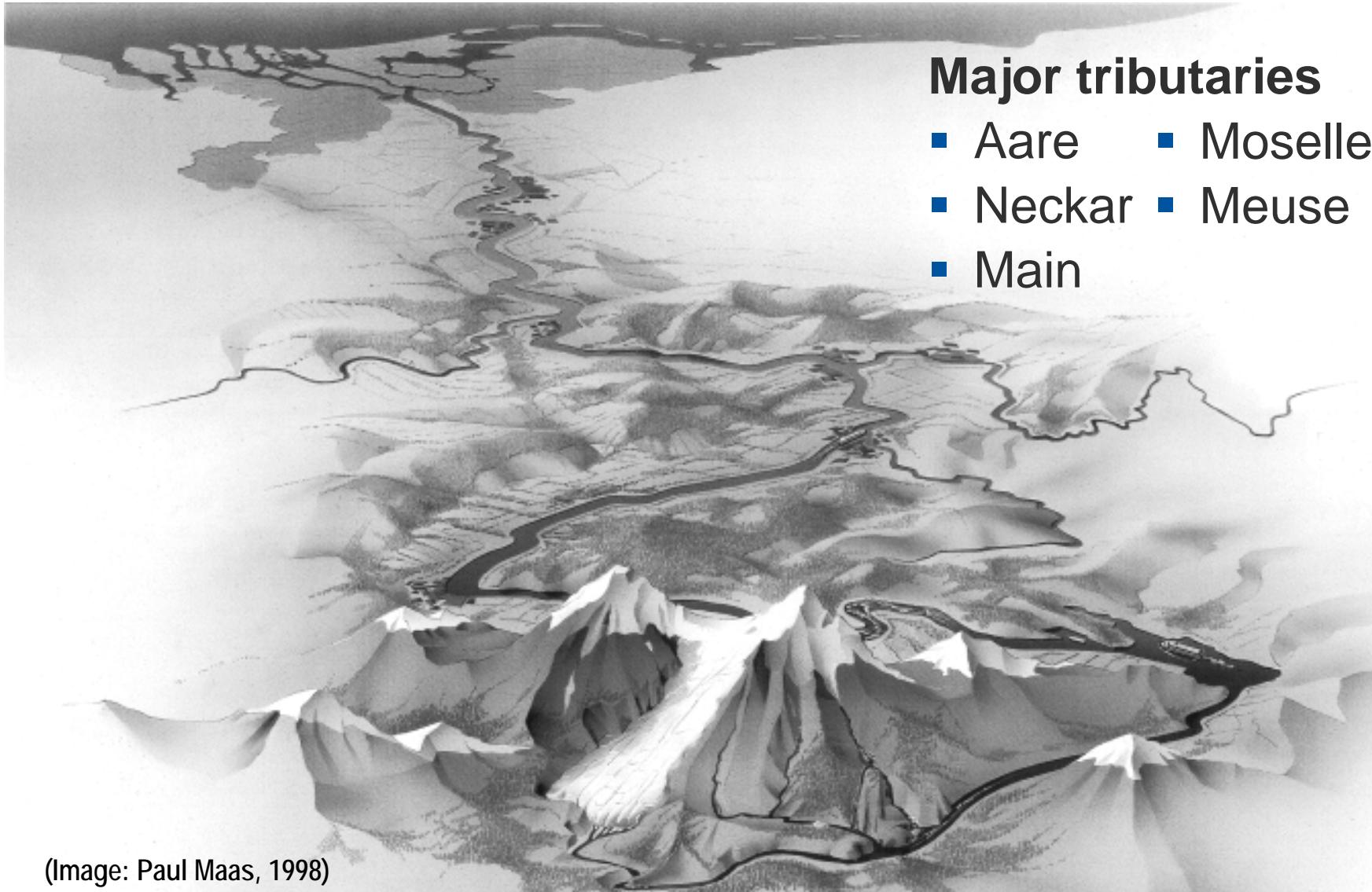
- Land-use changes

Since Middle ages

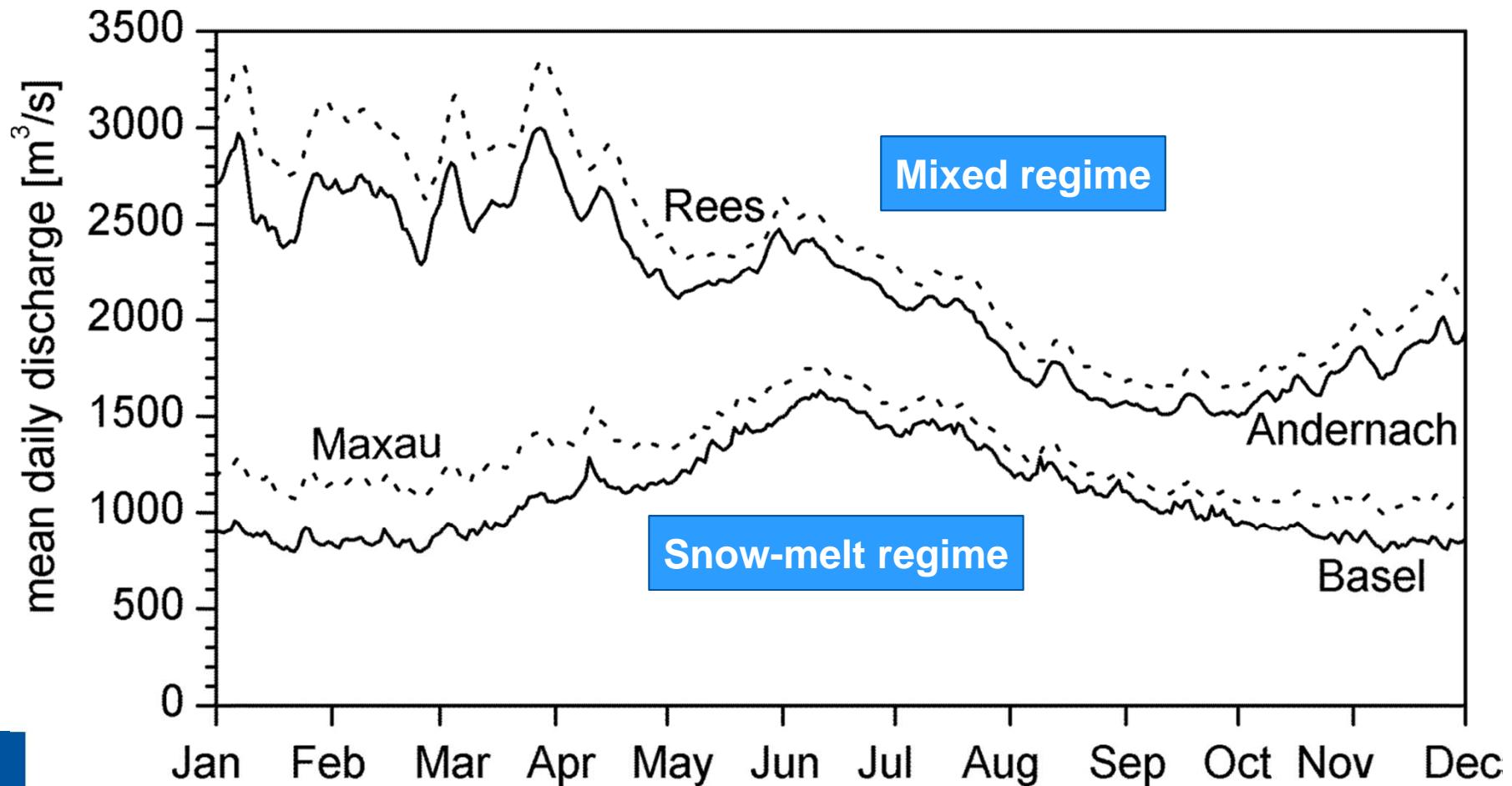
- Embankment
- Meander cut-offs
- Bifurcation modification

Since Industrialisation

- Narrowing (canalisation)
- Bank protection
- Barrages
- Shipping
- Sediment mining
- Sediment feeding



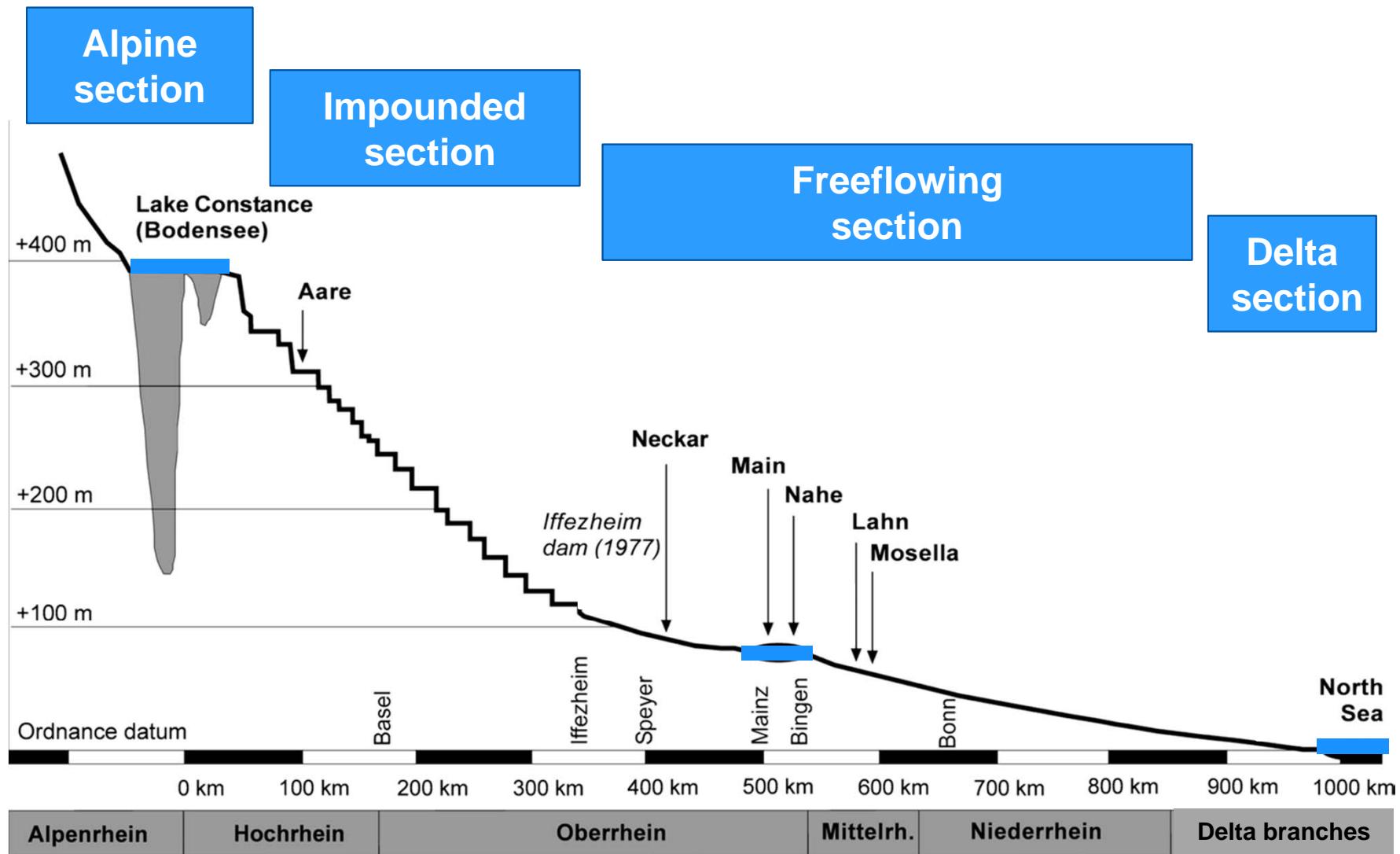
Max. discharge ever recorded: 12,200 m³/s (1926)



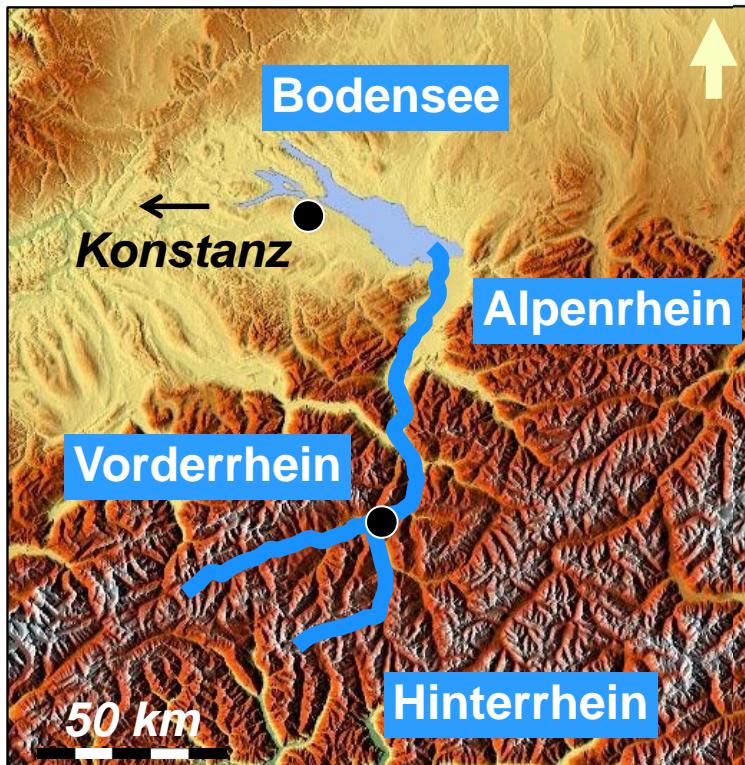
Geology and Relief



Longitudinal bed profile



The Alpine Section



Tectonic setting

- Uplift

Fact sheet: Alpenrhein

Hydrology

- Tributaries: Landquart, Plessur, Ill
- Q_{av} : $0 \rightarrow 230 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$

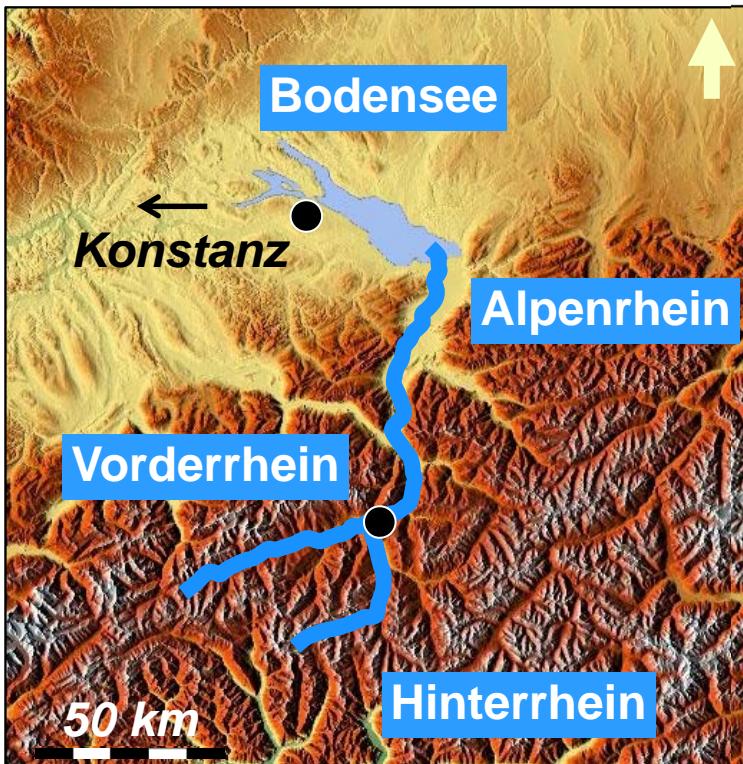
Geometry

- Gradient: $100 \rightarrow 0.3 \text{ m/km}$
- Width: $0 \rightarrow 300 \rightarrow 40 \text{ m}$

Sedimentology

- Partly alluvial
- Grain size: $20 \rightarrow$

The Alpine Section



Tectonic setting

- Uplift

Fact sheet: Bodensee

Hydrology

- Tributaries: minor
- Q_{av} : 230 → 350 m³/s

Geometry

- Gradient: 0 m/km
- Depth: up to 254 m

Sedimentology

- Lacustrine sediments
- Grain size: clay, silt, sand

The Impounded Section



Tectonic setting

- Uplift / Subsidence

Fact sheet

Hydrology

- Tributaries: a.o. Aare
- Q_{av} : $350 \rightarrow 1230 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$

Geometry

- Gradient: 1 m/km (dams!)
- Width: $50 \rightarrow 250 \text{ m}$
(max 750 m)

Sedimentology

- Alluvial, locally bed-rock
- Restrhein: $40 \rightarrow 20 \text{ mm}$

The free-flowing Section



Tectonic setting

- Subsidence

Fact sheet: Oberrhein

Hydrology

- Tributaries: Neckar, Main
- Q_{av} : $1230 \rightarrow 1670 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$

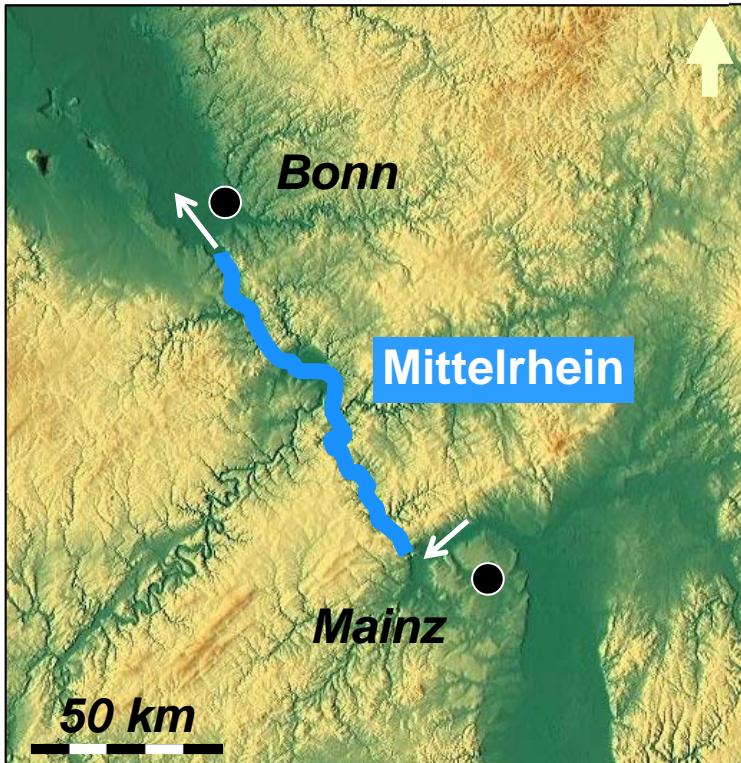
Geometry

- Gradient: $0.4 \rightarrow 0.1 \text{ m/km}$
- Width: $150 \rightarrow 450 \text{ m}$

Sedimentology

- Mostly alluvial
- Grain size: $17 \rightarrow 2 \text{ mm}$

The free-flowing Section



Tectonic setting

- Uplift

Fact sheet: Mittelrhein

Hydrology

- Tributaries: Moselle
- Q_{av} : $1670 \rightarrow 2090 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$

Geometry

- Gradient: 0.26 m/km
- Width:

Sedimentology

- Bed-rock, often alluvial
- Grain size: 17 mm

The free-flowing Section



Tectonic setting

- Slight uplift

Fact sheet: Niederrhein

Hydrology

- Tributaries: minor
- Q_{av} : $2090 \rightarrow 2310 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$

Geometry

- Gradient: $0.2 \rightarrow 0.1 \text{ cm/km}$
- Width: 230-300 m

Sedimentology

- Mostly alluvial
- Grain size: $16 \rightarrow 3 \text{ mm}$

The Delta Section



Tectonic setting

- Subsidence

Fact sheet:

Hydrology

- Tributaries: (Maas)
- Q_{av} : $2310 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$

Geometry

- Gradient: $0.1 \rightarrow 0 \text{ cm/km}$
- Width: $60 - 3150 \text{ m}$

Sedimentology

- Mostly alluvial
- Grain size: $3 \rightarrow 0.06 \text{ mm}$

The Alpine Section



The Alpine Section



The Alpine Section



The Alpine Section



The Alpine Section



The Alpine Section



The Alpine Section



The Alpine Section



The Alpine Section



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The Alpine Section



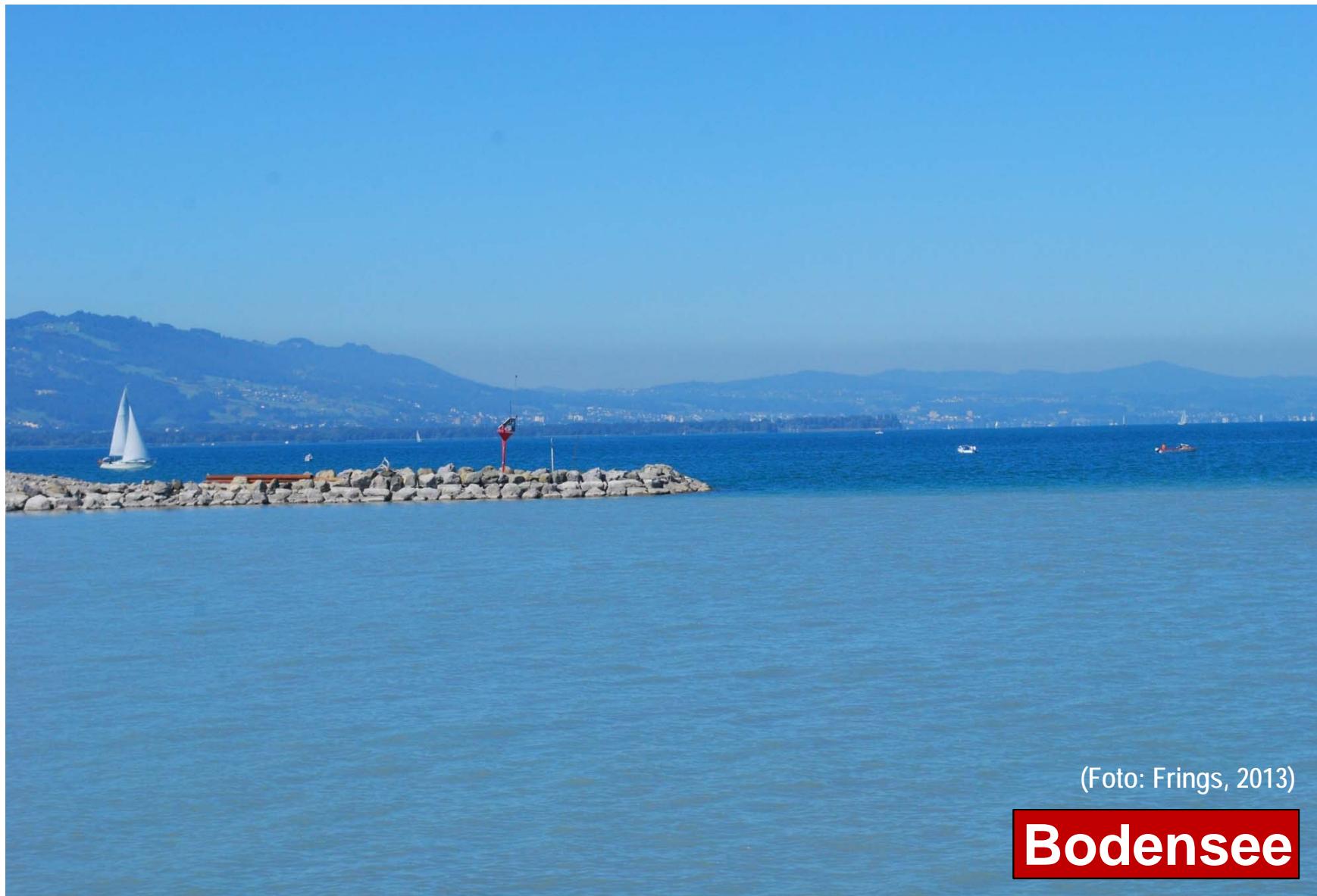
The Alpine Section



The Alpine Section



The Alpine Section



The Alpine Section



The Alpine Section



The Impounded Section



The Impounded Section



The Impounded Section



(Foto: Frings, 2013)

Hochrhein (Aare confluence)

The Impounded Section



The Impounded Section



The Impounded Section



The Impounded Section



(Foto: BfG)

Oberrhein (Wehr Kembs)

The Impounded Section



The Impounded Section



The free-flowing Section



The free-flowing Section



(Foto: Frings, 2011)

Mittelrhein (bed rock outcrop)

The free-flowing Section



The free-flowing Section



(Foto: BfG)

Confluence of Mittelrhein and Moselle

The free-flowing Section



(Foto: Frings, 2013)

Niederrhein (Emschermündung)

The free-flowing Section



The Delta Section



The Delta Section



The Delta Section



The Delta Section



The Delta Section



The Delta Section



The Delta Section



The Delta Section



(Foto: Frings, 2013)

The Delta Section





Thank you!



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