The Dutch Delta Programme 50 year Jubilee Symposium CHR Wageningen, 21 October 2021

Peter C.G. Glas MSc LLM Delta commissioner

### NATIONAL DELTA PROGRAMME

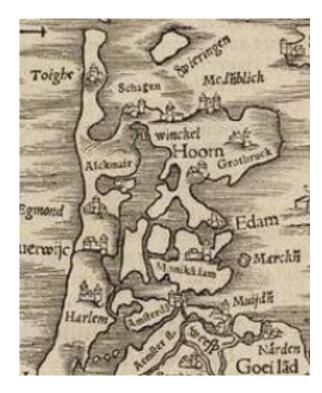


### The Netherlands, a delta country





### A history of water management







around 1580

around 1700

2000



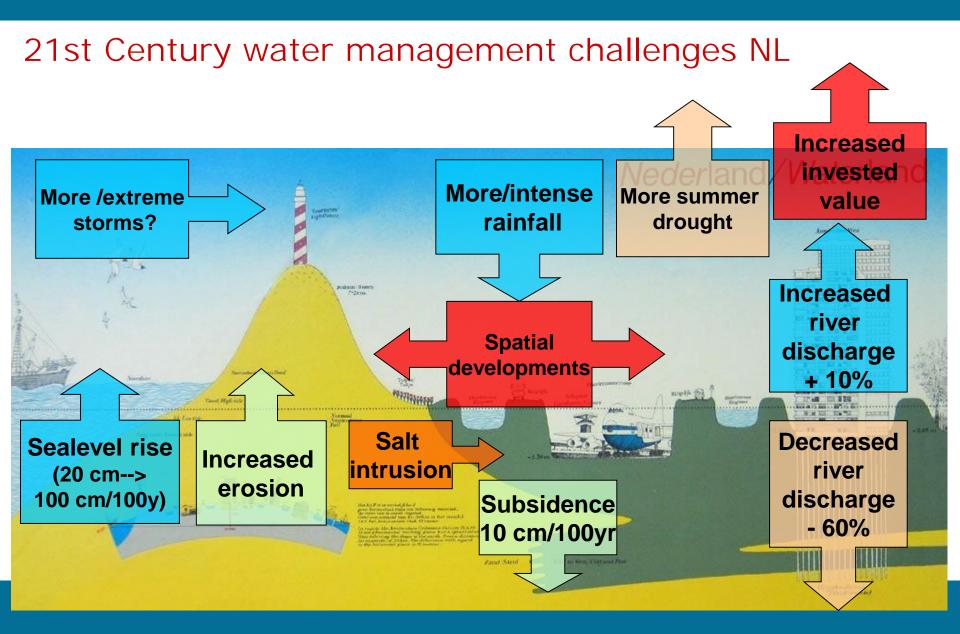
### 20th Century: flooding and protection

- 1916 floods (North)
  Damming off the Southern Sea, creation of Lake IJssel (1931)
- 1953 flood disaster (South-West)
  Civil engineering solutions with dams and barriers
  First Delta Programme, the Delta Works, shortening our coastline
- 1993/1995 high water levels (rivers)
  New concepts: Room for the River and Building with Nature











### 2nd Delta Programme

- 2008 2nd Delta Committee advice
- 2010 Delta Commissioner
- 2011 Delta Act, Delta Fund (1 Bln/yr)
- 2011-pres. Annual Delta programme:
- Flood protection
- Fresh water availability
- Spatial Adaptation

2014 Delta decisions & strategies2017 New safety standards2020 first 6yr Recalibration





### THE NATIONAL DELTA PROGRAMME INVOLVES US ALL



NATIONAL AND REGIONAL GOVERNMENTS (oro)

DELTA PROGRAMME COMMISSIONER COORDINATION

trank many with



BUSINESSES AND NGOS



RESEARCH INSTITUTES RESIDENTS

#### DELTA PROGRAMME



### Long-term thinking: lessons from the Delta approach

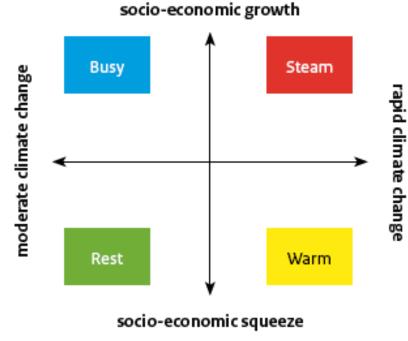


- Time scale 2020-2050-2100 #AdaptNow!
- Integrated approach
- National & regional orientation combined
- Political-administrative, legal and financial conditions are key
- Values: Solidarity, flexibility, sustainability
- Create a Delta community (communication, annual conference, social media)



### Uncertain future $\rightarrow$ calls for adaptive strategies

- Climate change
  - sea level rise,
  - discharge,
  - rainfall,
  - Evaporation
- Socio-economic developments
  - population,
  - economy,
  - land use/urban development
  - fresh water demand

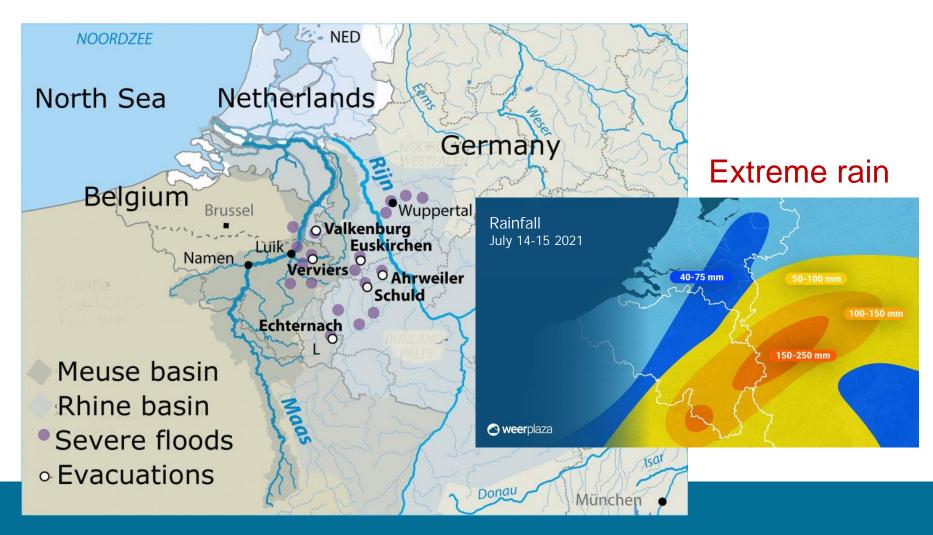




## HIGH AND LOW RIVER DISCHARGE



### High discharge – July 2021





### July 2021 (Ahrtal, Wallonia, Limburg)

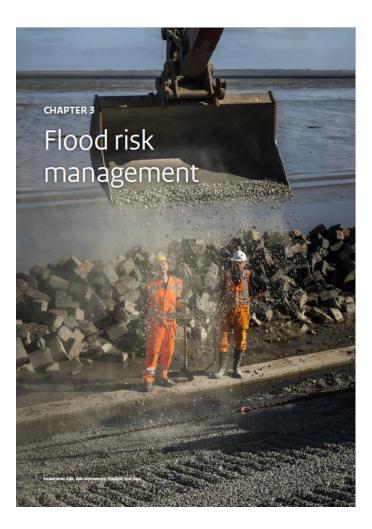






### Delta decision flood security

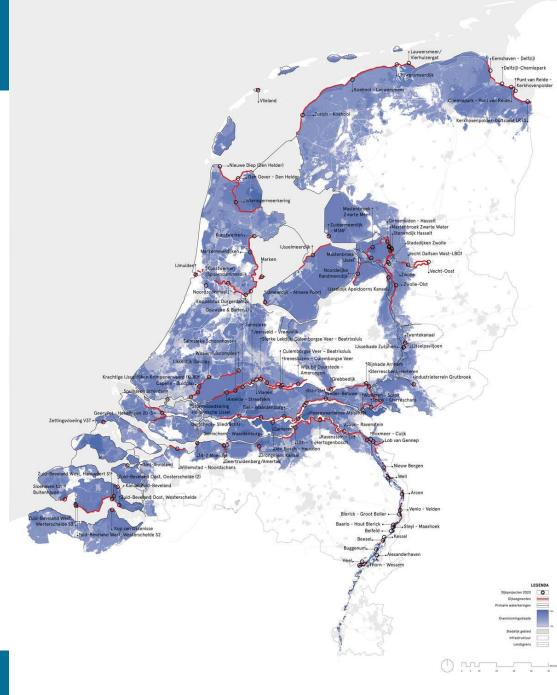
The essence of the delta decision on flood risk management is that by no later than 2050, the probability of individual fatality due to flooding will be reduced to 1 in 100,000 per annum (10<sup>-5</sup> or 0.001%) for every resident living behind the dykes.



Strategy: strengthen flood infrastructure & give room to the river, resilient spatial planning and evacuation.



2050: 1500 km flood protection 500 locks and pumping stations





### Low discharge





## Delta decision fresh water supply

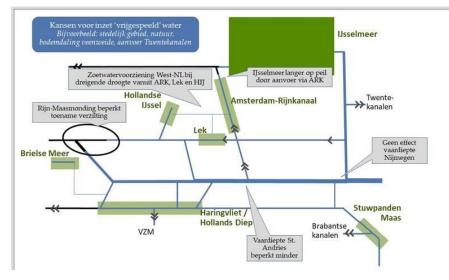
By 2050, the Netherlands must be resilient against freshwater shortages.



Drought of 2018, 2019, 2020



## Strategy: efficient distribution of water from Rhine and Meuse, reduce and prioritize use and abstractions



Preventing salt water intrusion by flushing



Managing reservoirs



### July 2021: lessons (to be) learned



In the Netherlands a national evaluation has been commissioned. Aspects to be considered:

- "Unprecedented" weather conditions (area, rain intensity, season)
- Coinciding high water levels during summer with summer land use
- Connecting scales (continental, national, regional, local)
- International dimension including crisis management
- Relation water land use (water retention, spatial planning, building and infrastructure guidelines)





# Thank you for your attention



@delta\_comm peter.glas@deltacommissaris.nl www.deltaprogramma.nl



Peter C.G. Glas MSc LLM Delta commissioner